

For Professional Use Only

AmpliSens® Gardnerella vaginalis / Lactobacillus spp.-titre-FRT PCR kit Instruction Manual

AmpliSens®



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1. INTENDED USE

AmpliSens® Gardnerella vaginalis / Lactobacillus spp.-titre-FRT PCR kit is an *in vitro* nucleic acid amplification test for qualitative and quantitative detection of Gardnerella vaginalis and Lactobacillus species DNA in the biological material (discharge of posterior fornix of vagina) using real-time hybridization-fluorescence detection of amplified products. According to the analysis results (if all procedures are strictly followed) the vaginal microcenosis can be estimated and the bacterial vaginosis can be diagnosed with high accuracy. The bacterial vaginosis is a disease associated with reduction of normal bacterial flora of vagina and substitution with opportunistic one.

Bacterial vaginosis (BV) is an infectious noninflammatory syndrome caused by reduction or complete absence of lactobacilli that suppress pathogenic bacteria flora of vagina and consequently overgrowth of opportunistic microorganisms, first of all *Gardnerella vaginalis*. Normally, vaginal flora consists of *Lactobacillus* species (95-98%) and its concentration varies from 10⁶ to 10¹⁰CFU/ml. The main vaginal species produce H₂O₂ that prevent multiplying of opportunistic bacteria (*Gardnerella vaginalis*, *Mobiluncus* spp., etc.). Normally, their concentration does not exceed 10³-10⁵ CFU/ml. In addition to it lactobacilli acidulate pH of vaginal discharge (normal pH does not exceed 4.5) by metabolizing of glycogen until lactic acid is formed, that provide inhibition of anaerobic microorganisms growth.

Regardless of reasons that caused BV, reduction of *Lactobacillus* growth occurs. It leads to opportunistic microorganisms boost, first of all *Gardnerella vaginalis*, and its waste products create favorable conditions for growth of other opportunistic; microorganisms. It was proved that *Gardnerella vaginalis* was found in 100% in case of BV so it was a main marker of BV. Until recently, *Gardnerella vaginalis* was considered to be a main causative agent of BV. On the other hand, normally *Gardnerella vaginalis* is found at a high rate, 50-60%. Therefore, the detection of *G.vaginalis* even by bacteriological technique is a low specific marker. Specificity can be increased by determination of quantitative characteristics of the marker, that is, to value the concentration of *Gardnerella vaginalis*.

However, in some cases, concentration of *Gardnerella vaginalis* in BV absence along with normal concentration of *Lactobacilli*, depending on a day of menstrual cycle, can reach 10⁷-10⁸ CFU/ml. The most accurate marker of BV is a logarithmic relation of *Lactobacillus* spp. and *Gardnerella vaginalis* concentrations.



For research use only. Not for diagnostic procedures.

2. PRINCIPLE OF PCR DETECTION

The method of *Lactobacillus* spp. and *Gardnerella vaginalis* DNA quantitative detection in biological material is based on:

a) Total DNA extraction from cell suspension.



Biological material (discharge of posterior fornix of vagina) is to be placed into **Transport Medium with Mucolytic Agent REF** 952-CE; **REF** 953-CE manufactured by Federal Budget Institute of Science "Central Research Institute for Epidemiology".

b) Simultaneous real-time amplification (multiplex-PCR) of *Lactobacillus* spp. and *Gardnerella vaginalis* DNA specific regions.

Gardnerella vaginalis and Lactobacillus species detection by the polymerase chain reaction (PCR) is based on the amplification of pathogen genome specific region using special Gardnerella vaginalis and Lactobacillus species primers. In real-time PCR the amplified product is detected using fluorescent dyes. These dyes are usually linked to oligonucleotide probes which bind specifically to the amplified product during thermocycling. The real-time PCR monitoring of the fluorescence intensities during the real-time PCR allows the detection of accumulating product without re-opening the reaction tubes after the PCR run.

AmpliSens® *Gardnerella vaginalis* / *Lactobacillus* spp.-titre-FRT PCR kit uses "hot-start", which greatly reduces frequency of nonspecifically primed reactions. "Hot-start" is guaranteed by separation of nucleotides and Taq-polymerase by using chemically modified polymerase (TaqF). Chemically modified polymerase (TaqF) is activated by heating at 95°C for 15 min.

Quantitative calibrators are used for quantitative detection of *Gardnerella vaginalis* and *Lactobacillus* spp. DNA copies in standard volume of clinical sample.

<u>Calculation of concentrations</u> of *Gardnerella vaginalis* and *Lactobacillus* spp. DNA per 1 ml of a biological material (posterior fornix of vagina discharge):

 $K_{DNA Gv/ml} = K_{DNA Gv} * coefficient$

 $K_{DNA Lsp/ml} = K_{DNA Lsp} * coefficient$

 $K_{DNA GV}$ = copies of *Gardnerella vaginalis* DNA per reaction,

 $K_{DNA Lsp}$ = copies of *Lactobacillus* spp. DNA per reaction,

Coefficient = 100 takes into account the volume of DNA in the reaction tube from the volume of the biological material and the quantity of copies of the amplified gene in the genome of the microorganism.

<u>Calculation of relation coefficient</u> of *Lactobacillus* spp. DNA and *Gardnerella vaginalis* DNA concentrations:

$$KC_{Lsp-Gv} = Ig[K_{DNA Lsp/ml}] - Ig[K_{DNA Gv/ml}]$$

KC < -1.0 - high possibility of BV

KC > 2.0 - low possibility of BV

3. CONTENT

AmpliSens® Gardnerella vaginalis / Lactobacillus spp.-titre-FRT PCR kit is produced in 1 form:

AmpliSens® *Gardnerella vaginalis / Lactobacillus* **spp.-titre-FRT** PCR kit variant titre-FRT-100 F REF R-B7-FT(RG,iQ,Mx)-CE;

AmpliSens [®] Gardnerella vaginalis / Lactobacillus spp.-titre-FRT PCR kit variant titre-FRT-100 F includes:

Reagent		Description	Volume, ml	Quantity
PCR-mix-1-FRT Gardnere vaginalis / Lactobacillus		clear liquid from colorless to light lilac colour	0.8	1 tube
PCR-buffer-FRT		colorless clear liquid	0.9	1 tube
Polymerase (TaqF)		colorless clear liquid	0.06	1 tube
DNA-buffer		colorless clear liquid	0.5	1 tube
DNA calibrators PC Gardnerella vaginalis /	GL1	colorless clear liquid	0.06	1 tube
	GL2	colorless clear liquid	0.06	1 tube
Lactobacillus spp.	GL3	colorless clear liquid	0.06	1 tube
Positive Control DNA Gardnerella vaginalis / Lactobacillus spp1 BV-		colorless clear liquid	0.05	1 tube
Positive Control DNA Gardnerella vaginalis / Lactobacillus spp2	BV+	colorless clear liquid	0.05	1 tube

AmpliSens® *Gardnerella vaginalis / Lactobacillus* spp.-titre-FRT PCR kit is intended for 110 reactions, including controls.

4. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS

- Transport medium.
- DNA extraction kit.
- Disposable powder-free gloves and laboratory coat.
- Pipettes (adjustable).
- Sterile pipette filter tips (up to 200 μl).
- Tube racks.

- Vortex mixer.
- Desktop centrifuge with rotor for 2 ml reaction tubes.
- PCR box.
- Personal thermocyclers (for example, Rotor-Gene 3000/6000 (Corbett Research, Australia); Rotor-Gene Q (QIAGEN, Germany) iCycler iQ or iCycler iQ5 (Bio-Rad, USA); Mx3000P (Stratagene, USA); CFX 96 (Bio-Rad, USA)).
- Disposable polypropylene PCR tubes (0.1- or 0.2-ml):
 - a) 0.2-ml PCR tubes with optical transparent domed or flat caps if a plate-type instrument is used:
 - b) 0.2-ml PCR tubes with flat caps or strips of four 0.1-ml Rotor-Gene PCR tubes if a rotor-type instrument is used.
- Refrigerator at the temperature from 2 to 8 °C.
- Deep-freezer at the temperature from minus 24 to minus 16 °C.
- Reservoir for used tips.

5. GENERAL PRECAUTIONS

The user should always pay attention to the following:

- Use sterile pipette tips with aerosol barriers and use a new tip for every procedure.
- Store all extracted positive material (specimens, controls and amplicons) away from all other reagents and add it to the reaction mix in a distantly separated facility.
- Thaw all components thoroughly at room temperature before starting an assay.
- When thawed, mix the components and centrifuge briefly.
- Use disposable protective gloves and laboratory cloths, and protect eyes while samples and reagents handling. Thoroughly wash hands afterwards.
- Do not eat, drink, smoke, apply cosmetics, or handle contact lenses in laboratory work areas.
- Do not use a kit after its expiration date.
- Dispose of all specimens and unused reagents in accordance with local regulations.
- Samples should be considered potentially infectious and handled in biological cabinet in compliance with appropriate biosafety practices.
- Clean and disinfect all samples or reagents spills using a disinfectant, such as 0.5 % sodium hypochlorite or another suitable disinfectant.
- Avoid samples and reagents contact with the skin, eyes, and mucous membranes. If these solutions come into contact, rinse the injured area immediately with water and seek medical advice immediately.

- Safety Data Sheets (SDS) are available on request.
- Use of this product should be limited to personnel trained in DNA amplification techniques.
- Workflow in the laboratory must be one-directional, beginning in the Extraction Area and moving to the Amplification and Detection Area. Do not return samples, equipment and reagents in the area where the previous step was performed.



Some components of this kit contain sodium azide as a preservative. Do not use metal tubing for reagent transfer.

6. SAMPLING AND HANDLING



Obtaining samples of biological materials for PCR-analysis, transportation and storage is described in manufacturer's handbook [1]. It is recommended that this handbook is read before starting work.

AmpliSens® *Gardnerella vaginalis / Lactobacillus* spp.-titre-FRT PCR kit is intended for analysis of the DNA extracted with DNA extraction kits from the biological material (discharge of posterior fornix of vagina).

Biological material (0.05 \pm 0.01 ml) should be obtained by universal probe or special applicator (Copan, Italy) and placed into 2 ml tube containing 0.5 ml of **Transport Medium** with **Mucolytic Agent REF** 952-CE; **REF** 953-CE. Biological material volume should be 1/10 of transport medium volume. Rinse the effective part of the probe in transport medium and press by tube walls.

If the sample volume is sufficient the transport medium should become opaque and change its color from pink to yellow (pH of vagina discharge is acidic). If the color has not changed we recommend taking additional portion of the sample with new probe. Color of the medium is not affected if pH of the sample more than 4.5.

The sample put into transport medium with mucolytic agent can be stored and transported in firmly sealed tubes:

- up to 28 days at 18–25 °C
- up to 3 months at 2–8 °C
- for long-term storage the samples are to be frozen at minus 20 °C or lower



Only one freeze-thaw cycle of biological material is allowed.

7. WORKING CONDITIONS

AmpliSens[®] *Gardnerella vaginalis / Lactobacillus* **spp.-titre-FRT** PCR kit should be used at 18–25 °C.

8. PROTOCOL

8.1. DNA extraction

It is recommended to use the following nucleic acid extraction kits:

• **DNA-sorb-AM**, **REF** K1-12-100-CE.



Extract the DNA according to the manufacturer's protocol.



Add **100 µI** of **Transport Medium with Mucolytic Agent** to the tube labeled C– (Negative Control of Extraction) during extraction procedure.



To the Positive Control of extraction tubes ((BV-) and (BV+)) transfer 90 μI of Transport Medium with Mucolytic Agent (per each) and 10 μI of Positive Control DNA Gardnerella vaginalis / Lactobacillus spp.-1 or Positive Control DNA Gardnerella vaginalis / Lactobacillus spp.-2 (respectively).

8.2. Preparing the PCR

Total reaction volume is **25** μ **I**, the volume of DNA sample is **10** μ **I**.

8.2.1 Preparing tubes for PCR

 Prepare the mixture of PCR-buffer-FRT and Polymerase (TaqF). Into the tube with PCR-buffer-FRT (0.9 ml) add all content of the tube of Polymerase (TaqF) (0.06 ml) and vortex carefully; avoid foaming. Label the tube indicating the date of preparation. Use disposable filter tips only.



The prepared mixture is intended for 120 samples.

The mixture can be stored at 2 - 8 °C for 3 months and used as necessary.

- 2. Prepare the required number of the tubes for amplification of DNA from clinical and control samples.
- 3. Add reagents into the tubes (see Table 1).

Table 1

Methods of reagents addition

Method 1	Method 2
1. Add 7 µl of PCR-mix-1-FRT <i>Gardnerella vaginalis l Lactobacillus</i> spp. into each	Prepare the reaction mixture for required number of reactions, calculating per each reaction:
tube 2. Add above 8 µl of prepared mixture of PCR-buffer-FRT and Polymerase (TaqF)	 7 μl of PCR-mix-1-FRT Gardnerella vaginalis / Lactobacillus spp.
	 8 μl of prepared mixture of PCR-buffer- FRT and Polymerase (TaqF).
	While calculating, take into account four controls (Negative Control and three Calibrators) and one extra reaction (see Table 2).
	2. Add 15 μI of prepared mixture into the tubes.

Scheme of reaction mixture preparation

Samples to be examined:	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
PCR-mix-1-FRT Gardnerella vaginalis / Lactobacillus spp., μl	56	63	70	77	84	91	98	105	112	119	126	133	140	147	154
Mixture of PCR-buffer-FRT and Polymerase (TaqF), μΙ	64	72	80	88	96	104	112	120	128	136	144	152	160	168	176
Samples to be examined:	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32
PCR-mix-1-FRT Gardnerella vaginalis / Lactobacillus spp., μl	161	168	175	182	189	196	203	210	217	224	231	238	245	252	259
Mixture of PCR-buffer- FRT and Polymerase (TaqF), μl	184	192	200	208	216	224	232	240	248	256	264	272	280	288	296

4. Using filter tips add **10 μI** of **DNA samples** obtained from clinical or control samples at the stage of DNA extraction into prepared tubes.



Avoid transferring of sorbent into reaction mixture when adding DNA.

5. Carry out the control and calibration amplification reactions:

NCA – Add 10 μI of DNA-buffer to the tube labeled NCA (Negative Control of Amplification) instead of the DNA-sample

Calibrators PC (GL1, GL2, GL3) – Into three tubes add 10 μl of each DNA-calibrator (GL1, GL2, GL3)

8.2.2. Amplification

1. Create a temperature profile on your instrument as follows:

Table 3 Rotor-Gene 3000/6000 amplification program

Step	Temperature °C	Time	Fluorescence detection	Cycles
Hold	95	15 min	_	1
	95	10 sec	-	45
Cycling	60	40 sec	FAM/Green, JOE/Yellow	45



Universal program, **AmpliSens-1**, can be used as well (see table 4). The program allows conducting any combination of tests (for example, for detection of DNA of sexually transmitted infections) in a single run.

Analytical performances of the reagents kits remain the same when applying universal amplification program.

AmpliSens-1 amplification program for rotor-type instruments

Step	Temperature, °C	Time	Fluorescence detection	Cycles
Hold	95	15 min	-	1
	95	5 sec	-	
Cycling	60	20 sec	_	5
	72	15 sec	_	
	95	5 sec	-	
Cycling2	60	20 sec	FAM/Green, JOE/Yellow, ROX/Orange, Cy5/Red	40
	72	15 sec	_	

Note – ROX/Orange and Cy5/Red channels are activated when necessary if multiplex format tests are running.

Table 5

Amplification program for plate-type instruments

Step	Temperature, °C	Time	Fluorescence detection	Cycles
1	95	15 min	-	1
2	95	20 sec	_	45
	60	1 min	FAM, JOE/HEX	45



Universal program, **AmpliSens-1 iQ**, can be used as well (see table 6). The program allows conducting any combination of tests (for example, for detection of DNA of sexually transmitted infections) in a single run.

Analytical performances of the reagents kits remain the same when applying universal amplification program.

Table 6

AmpliSens-1 amplification program for plate-type instruments

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Step	Temperature, °C	Time	Fluorescence detection	Cycles
1	95	15 min	_	1
	95	5 sec	_	
2	60	20 sec	_	5
	72	15 sec	_	
	95	5 sec	_	
3	60	30 sec	FAM, JOE/HEX, ROX, Cy5	40
	72	15 sec	_	

Note – ROX and Cy5 channels activates when necessary if multiplex format tests are running.



If using CFX96 instruments set *Ramp Rate* 2,5 °C/s by clicking the *Step Options* button for each step of cycling.

- 2. Adjust the fluorescence channel sensitivity according to the *Important Product Information Bulletin* and Guidelines [2].
- 3. Insert tubes into the reaction module of the device.
- 4. Run the amplification program with fluorescence detection.

5. Analyze results after the amplification program is completed.

9. DATA ANALYSIS

Analysis of results is performed by the software of the real-time PCR instrument used by measuring fluorescence signal accumulation in two channels:

- The signal of the *Gardnerella vaginalis* DNA amplification product is detected in the channel for the FAM fluorophore.
- The signal of the *Lactobacillus* spp. DNA amplification product is detected in the channel for the JOE fluorophore.

Results are interpreted by the crossing (or not-crossing) the fluorescence curve with the threshold line set at the specific level that corresponds to the presence (or absence) of a *Ct* value of the DNA sample in the corresponding column of the results grid.

The quantity of copies per reaction for *Gardnerella vaginalis* DNA and *Lactobacillus* spp. DNA are calculated automatically by the software of the instrument using the specified calibrators values. The quantity of copies of *Gardnerella vaginalis* DNA and *Lactobacillus* spp. DNA are given in the corresponding column of the result grid.

Using the *Ct* values and specified values of calibrators GL1, GL2, GL3 a calibration curve plotting and calculation of *Gardnerella vaginalis* DNA and *Lactobacillus* spp. DNA copies per ml of initial clinical sample is performed automatically.



The Gardnerella vaginalis DNA and Lactobacillus spp. DNA concentrations for BV- and BV+ control samples are to be in the range specified in the Important Product Information Bulletin enclosed in the PCR kit.

10. TROUBLESHOOTING

Results of analysis are not taken into account in the following cases:

- 1. If any Ct value appears for Negative Control of extraction and Negative Control of amplification in the channel for the FAM fluorophore (Gardnerella vaginalis) in the result grid it indicates contamination of the reagents or samples. In this case results of the analysis for all samples are considered invalid. It is required to repeat the analysis of all tests, and to take measures to detect and eliminate the source of contamination.
- 2. If Calc Conc >50 appears for Negative Control of extraction and/or if Calc Conc >5 appears for Negative Control of amplification in the channel for the JOE fluorophore (Lactobacillus spp.) in the result grid it indicates contamination of the reagents or samples. In this case results of the analysis for all samples are considered invalid. It is required to repeat the analysis of all tests, and to take measures to detect and eliminate the source of contamination.
- 3. If concentration values of Gardnerella vaginalis and Lactobacillus spp. DNA for control

samples ((BV-) and (BV+)) do not fall in a range specified in the *Important Product Information Bulletin* it indicates the errors made during extraction or amplification stages. In this case it is necessary to repeat the PCR analysis.

11. TRANSPORTATION

AmpliSens[®] *Gardnerella vaginalis / Lactobacillus* spp.-titre-FRT PCR kit should be transported at 2–8 °C for no longer than 5 days.

12. STABILITY AND STORAGE

All components of the AmpliSens® Gardnerella vaginalis / Lactobacillus spp.-titre-FRT PCR kit (except for Polymerase (TaqF) and PCR-mix-1-FRT Gardnerella vaginalis / Lactobacillus spp.) are to be stored at 2–8 °C when not in use. All components of the AmpliSens® Gardnerella vaginalis / Lactobacillus spp.-titre-FRT PCR kit are stable until the expiry date stated on the label. The shelf life of reagents before and after the first use is the same, unless otherwise stated.



Polymerase (TaqF) and PCR-mix-1-FRT *Gardnerella vaginalis / Lactobacillus* spp. are to be stored at temperature from minus 24 to minus 16 °C when not in use.



Polymerase (TaqF) and PCR-mix-1-FRT *Gardnerella vaginalis / Lactobacillus* spp. are to be stored at temperature from minus 24 to minus 16 °C when not in use

13. SPECIFICATIONS

13.1. Sensitivity

Biological material	Transport medium	Nucleic acid extraction kit	Microorganism	Sensitivity, copies/ml ¹
Discharge of	Transport Medium	DNA costs AM	Gardnerella vaginalis	5 x 10 ³
posterior fornix of vagina	with Mucolytic Agent	DNA-sorb-AM	Lactobacillus spp	5 x 10 ³

13.2. Specificity

The analytical specificity of **AmpliSens®** *Gardnerella vaginalis / Lactobacillus* **spp.**-**titre-FRT** PCR kit is ensured by selection of specific primers and probes, as well as the selection of stringent reaction conditions. The primers and probes were checked for possible homologies to all in gene banks published sequences by sequence comparison analysis.

¹The quantity of the pathogen agent DNA copies per 1 ml of a clinical sample, placed into the specified transport medium.

Nonspecific responses were absent in tests of human DNA samples and the panel of the following microorganisms DNA samples: *Staphylococcus* spp., *Streptococcus* spp., *Candida albicans*, *Candida glabrata*, *Candida krusei*, *Mycoplasma hominis*, *Ureaplasma urealyticum*, *Ureaplasma parvum*, *Mycoplasma genitalium*, *Chlamydia trachomatis*, *Neisseria* spp., *Neisseria gonorrhoeae*, *Trichomonas vaginalis*, *Treponema pallidum*, *Toxoplasma gondii*, *HSV types* 1 and 2, *CMV*, *HPV* and human DNA.

13.3. Linear measurement range

The linear measurement range for quantitative estimation of each detected microorganism is from 10³ to 10⁷ copies/ml.

14. REFERENCES

- Handbook "Sampling, Transportation, and Storage of Clinical Material for PCR diagnostics", developed by Federal Budget Institute of Science "Central Research Institute for Epidemiology" of Federal Service for Surveillance on Consumers' Rights Protection and Human Well-Being, Moscow, 2010.
- 2. Guidelines to the AmpliSens® Gardnerella vaginalis / Lactobacillus spp.-titre-FRT PCR kit for qualitative and quantitative detection of Gardnerella vaginalis and Lactobacillus species DNA in the biological material by the polymerase chain reaction (PCR) with real-time hybridization-fluorescence detection.

15. QUALITY CONTROL

In compliance with Federal Budget Institute of Science "Central Research Institute for Epidemiology" ISO 13485-Certified Quality Management System, each lot of **AmpliSens®** *Gardnerella vaginalis / Lactobacillus* spp.-titre-FRT PCR kit has been tested against predetermined specifications to ensure consistent product quality.

16. KEY TO SYMBOLS USED

REF	Catalogue number	\triangle	Caution
LOT	Batch code	Σ	Sufficient for
RUO	Research use only		Expiration Date
VER	Version	$\prod_{\mathbf{i}}$	Consult instructions for use
	Temperature limitation		Keep away from sunlight
***	Manufacturer	NCA	Negative control of amplification
\mathbb{A}	Date of manufacture	C-	Negative control of extraction
		BV-, BV+	Positive Controls of extraction

List of Changes Made in the Instruction Manual

		anges made in the instruction manual
VER	Location of changes	Essence of changes
	Cover page	The phrase "For Professional Use Only" was added
	Content	New sections "Working Conditions" and "Transportation" were added The "Explanation of Symbols" section was renamed to "Key to
26.12.10 LA	Stability and	Symbols Used" The information about the shelf life of reagents before and after the first use was added
	Storage	Information that PCR-mix-1-FRT Gardnerella vaginalis / Lactobacillus spp. is to be kept away from light was added
	Key to Symbols Used	The explanation of symbols was corrected
03.07.11 RT	Cover page, text	The name of Institution was changed to Federal Budget Institute of Science "Central Research Institute for Epidemiology"
	Cover page, Key to symbols used	Symbol IVD was replaced with the symbol RUO
26.02.13 PE	Text	The name of Institution was changed to Federal Budget Institute of Science "Central Research Institute for Epidemiology" (3 times)
	Sensitivity	The table to describe analytical sensitivity was added
18.03.13 PE	Text	The subscript of PC was changed to (BV+) and (BV-)
	Text	The text was changed and enlarged according to the pattern The phrase "tips with aerosol barrier" was changed to "filter tips" The term "isolation" was changed to "extraction"
	Principle of PCR detection	Due to replacing Appendix 1 with the Guidelines, reference to the Appendix was substituted by reference to the Guidelines The sentence "Judge by analysis results (if all procedures are strictly followed) it can be estimated the vaginal microcenosis and diagnosed the bacterial vaginosis with high accuracy"
29.03.13 PE		was changed to "According to the analysis results (if all procedures are strictly followed) the vaginal microcenosis can be estimated and the bacterial vaginosis can be diagnosed with high accuracy."
	Sampling and handling	The paragraph concerning transportation and storage conditions for the samples was added
	Amplification	The word "sce" was changed to "sec" The words "c" and "мин" were changed to "sec" and "min"
	Linear range of measurements	The paragraph was added
05.11.14 ME	Text	Text was corrected in accordance with the template and Russian instruction manual
141	13. Specifications	GE/ml was changed to copies/ml
14.05.15 PM	1. Intended use	Clinical material was changed to biological The phrase "The results of PCR analysis are taken into account in complex diagnostics of disease" was changed to "For research use only. Not for diagnostic procedures"
	13.2. Specificity	The phrase "Specificity of AmpliSens® <i>Gardnerella vaginalis / Lactobacillus</i> spptitre-FRT PCR kit was confirmed in laboratory clinical trials" was deleted.
19.06.18 PM	3. Content	The colour of the reagent was specified