AmpliSens® HSV / CMV-MULTIPRIME-FRT PCR kit

use





For Professional Use Only

Instruction Manual

KEY TO SYMBOLS USED

REF	Catalogue number	<u> </u>	Caution
LOT	Batch code	$\overline{\Sigma}$	Sufficient for
IVD	In vitro diagnostic medical device	\sum	Use-by Date
VER	Version	Ti	Consult instructions for
	Temperature limit	**	Keep away from sunligh
***	Manufacturer	NCA	Negative control of amplification
$_{\text{M}}$	Date of manufacture	C-	Negative control of extraction
EC REP	Authorized representative in the European Community	C+	Positive control of amplification
FBIS CRIE	Federal Budget Institute of Science "Central Research Institute for Epidemiology"	IC	Internal control

1. INTENDED USE

AmpliSens® HSV / CMV-MULTIPRIME-FRT PCR kit is an in vitro nucleic acid amplification AmpliSens" HSV / CMV-MULTIPRIME-FRT PCR kit is an in vitro nucleic acid amplification test for simultaneous detection of herpes simplex virus (HSV) and cytomegalovirus (CMV) DNA in clinical material (urogenital, rectal, and oral swabs; urine; saliva; prostate gland secretion; whole blood and cerebrospinal fluid; and exudate of blisters and erosive-ulcerative lesions of skin and mucosa), taken from the persons suspected of herpes virus infection without distinction of form and presence of manifestation, by using real-time hybridization-fluorescence detection of amplified products.

The results of PCR analysis are taken into account in complex diagnostics of

2. PRINCIPLE OF PCR DETECTION

 $\it HSV$ and $\it CMV$ DNA detection by the polymerase chain reaction (PCR) is based on the amplification of pathogen genome specific region using specific primers. In real-time PCR, the amplified product is detected using fluorescent dyes. These dyes are linked to oligonucleotide probes which bind specifically to the amplified product during thermocycling. The real-time monitoring of the fluorescence intensities during the real-time PCR allows the detection of accumulating product without re-opening the reaction tubes after the PCR run. AmpliSens® HSV / CMV-MULTIPRIME-FRT PCR kit is a qualitative test that contains the

Internal Control (Internal Control-FL (IC)). It must be used in the extraction procedure in order to control the extraction process of each individual sample and to identify possible

AmpliSens® HSV / CMV-MULTIPRIME-FRT PCR kit uses "hot-start", which greatly reduces the frequency of nonspecifically primed reactions. "Hot-start" is guaranteed by the separation of nucleotides and Taq-polymerase by using chemically modified polymerase (TaqF). The chemically modified polymerase (TaqF) is activated by heating at 95 °C for 15

min.

The PCR kit contains the system for prevention of contamination by amplicons using the enzyme uracil-DNA-glycosylase (UDG) and deoxyuridine triphosphate. The enzyme UDG recognizes and catalyzes the destruction of the DNA containing deoxyuridine, but has no effect on DNA containing deoxythymidine. Deoxyuridine is absent in the autheritic DNA, but has no effect on DNA containing deoxythymidine. Deoxyuridine is absent in the autheritic DNA but has no effect on DNA containing deoxythymidine. is always present in amplicons, because deoxyuridine triphosphate is a part of dNTP mixture in the reagents for the amplification. Due to the deoxyuridine containing contaminating amplicons are sensitive to the destruction by UDG before the DNA-target amplification. So the amplicons cannot be amplified.

The enzyme UDG is thermolabile. It is inactivated by heating at temperature above 50 °C.

Therefore, UDG does not destroy the target amplicons which are accumulated during PCR. The results of amplification are registered in the following fluorescence channels.

			Table 1
Channel for fluorophore	FAM	JOE	ROX
DNA-target	HSV	CMV	Internal Control-FL (IC)
Target gene	gpB gene	Pol gene	genetically engineered construction

3. CONTENT

AmpliSens® HSV / CMV-MULTIPRIME-FRT PCR kit is produced in 1 form: variant FRT-100 F REF R-V60-F(RG,iQ)-CE.

Reagent	Description	Volume, ml	Quantity
PCR-mix-1-FL HSV / CMV	clear liquid from colorless to light lilac colour	1.2	1 tube
PCR-mix-2-FRT	colorless clear liquid	0.3	2 tubes
Polymerase (TaqF)	colorless clear liquid	0.03	2 tubes
Positive Control complex (C+)	colorless clear liquid	0.2	1 tube
DNA-buffer	colorless clear liquid	0.5	1 tube
Negative Control (C-)*	colorless clear liquid	1.2	1 tube
Internal Control-FL (IC)**	colorless clear liquid	1.0	1 tube

- must be used in the extraction procedure as Negative Control of Extraction.
- add 10 µl of Internal Control-FL (IC) during the DNA extraction procedure directly to the sample/lysis mixture (see DNA-sorb-AM REF K1-12-100-CE, DNA-sorb-B REF K1-2-100-CE protocol)

Variant FRT-100 F is intended for 110 reactions (including controls).

4. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS

- DNA extraction kit.
- Transport medium.
- Disposable powder-free gloves and a laboratory coat.
- Pipettes (adjustable).
- Disposable tips with aerosol filters (up to 100 µl) in tube racks.
- Tube racks.
- Vortex mixer/desktop centrifuge
- Real-time instruments (for example, Rotor-Gene Q (QIAGEN, Germany), CFX96 (Bio-Rad Laboratories, Inc, USA) or equivalent).
- Disposable polypropylene PCR tubes:
 a) thin-walled 0.2-ml PCR tubes with optical transparent domed or flat caps or strips of
 - eight 0.2-ml tubes with optical transparent caps if a plate-type instrument is used; b) thin-walled 0.2-ml PCR tubes with flat caps or strips of four 0.1-ml Rotor-Gene PCR tubes if a rotor-type instrument is used.
- Refrigerator for 2-8 °C.
- Deep-freezer at the temperature from minus 24 to minus 16 °C.
- Reservoir for used tips.

5. GENERAL PRECAUTIONS

- The user should always pay attention to the following:

 Temperature in the laboratory room is from 20 to 28 °C, relative humidity is from 15 to
- Use sterile pipette tips with aerosol filters and use new tip for every procedure.
- Store all extracted positive material (specimens, controls and amplicons) away from all other reagents and add it to the reaction mix in a distantly separated facility.
- Thaw all components thoroughly at room temperature before starting an assay
- When thawed, mix the components and centrifuge briefly.

 Use disposable protective gloves and laboratory cloths, and protect eyes while samples and reagents handling. Thoroughly wash hands afterward.
- Do not eat, drink, smoke, apply cosmetics, or handle contact lenses in laboratory work Do not use the PCR kit if the internal packaging was damaged or its appearance was
- Do not use the PCR kit if the transportation and storage conditions according to the
- Instruction Manual were not observed. Do not use a kit after its expiration date
- Dispose of all samples and unused reagents in compliance with local authorities requirements.
- Samples should be considered potentially infectious and handled in a biological cabinet in accordance with appropriate biosafety practices.

 Clean and disinfect all sample or reagent spills using a disinfectant, such as 0.5%
- sodium hypochlorite or another suitable disinfectant.
- Avoid breathing vapours, samples and reagents contact with the skin, eyes, and mucous membranes. If these solutions come into contact, rinse the injured area immediately with water and seek medical advice if necessary.
- Important note with safety information is available on request.

 The PCR kit is intended for single use for PCR analysis of specified number of samples
- (see the section "Content").
 The PCR kit is ready for use in accordance with the Instruction Manual. Use the PCR kit
- Use of this product should be limited to personnel trained in DNA amplification
- Workflow in the laboratory must be one-directional, beginning in the Extraction Area and moving to the Amplification and Detection Area. Do not return samples, equipment and reagents in the area in which the previous step was performed.



Some components of this kit contain sodium azide as a preservative. Do not use metal tubing for reagent transfer

6. SAMPLING AND HANDLING

Obtaining samples of biological materials for PCR-analysis, transportation and NOTE: storage is described in manufacturer's handbook [1]. It is recommended that this handbook is read before starting work.

AmpliSens® HSV / CMV-MULTIPRIME-FRT PCR kit is intended for the analysis of DNA extracted with DNA extraction kits from

- urogenital, rectal, and oral swabs;
- urine (a sediment of the first portion of the morning specimen);
- prostate gland secretion;
- whole blood;
- cerebrospinal fluid;
- exudate of blisters and erosive-ulcerative lesions of skin and mucosa.

7. WORKING CONDITIONS

AmpliSens® HSV / CMV-MULTIPRIME-FRT PCR kit should be used at 18-25 °C.

8. PROTOCOL

8.1. DNA Extraction

It is recommended to use the following nucleic acid extraction kits:

• DNA-sorb-AM, REF K1-12-100-CE.

- DNA-sorb-B, REF K1-2-100-CE (for blood and cerebrospinal fluid samples).
- Other nucleic acid extraction kits recommended by FBIS CRIE (see Guidelines [2]). The DNA extraction of each test sample is carried out in the presence of Internal Control-FL (IC).

Extract DNA according to the manufacturer's protocol. NOTE:

8.2. Preparing PCR

8.2.1 Preparing tubes for PCR

The total reaction volume is 25 µI, the volume of DNA sample is 10 µI.

1. Thaw the tube with PCR-mix-2-FRT. Vortex the tubes with PCR-mix-1-FL HSV / CMV, PCR-mix-2-FRT, polymerase (TaqF) then centrifuge briefly (1–2 s). Make sure there are no drops on the walls of the tubes

Take the required number of the tubes for amplification of DNA from test and control

For N reactions (including 2 controls of amplification), add to a new tube: 10*(N+1) µl of PCR-mix-1-FL HSV/CMV;

5.0*(N+1) µl of PCR-mix-2-FRT;

5.0°(N+1) μI of PCR-mix-2-RT;
0.5°(N+1) μI of polymerase (TaqF).
Mix the prepared mixture and sediment the drops by short centrifugation (1-2 s).
Transfer 15 μI of the prepared mix to each tube.
Using tips with aerosol filter, add 10 μI of DNA samples obtained from test or control

- samples at the DNA extraction stage.

 Carry out the control amplification reactions:
- Add 10 µl of DNA-buffer to the tube labeled NCA (Negative Control of Amplification). NCA
- Add 10 µI of Positive Control complex to the tube labeled C+ (Positive Control of Amplification). C+
- Add 10 µl of the sample extracted from the Negative Control reagent to Cthe tube labeled C- (Negative Control of Extraction)

«AmpliSens-1M» program

8.2.2. Amplification

1. Create a temperature profile on your instrument as follows:

Table 2

	Rotor-type instruments ¹			Plate-type instruments ²		
Step	Temperature, °C	Time	Cycles	Temperature, °C	Time	Cycles
1	95	15 min	1	95	15 min	1
	95	20 s		95	20 s	
2	60	20 s	5	60	20 s	5
	72	15 s		72	15 s	
	95	20 s		95	20 s	
3	60	20 s Fluorescence detection	40	60	30 s Fluorescence detection	40
	72	15 s		72	15 s	

Fluorescent signal is detected in the channels for the FAM, JOE and ROX fluorophores (other channels are enabled if several tests are simultaneously carried out in a single run).

2. Adjust the fluorescence channel sensitivity according to the *Important Product*

- Information Bulletin and Guidelines [2].
 Insert the tubes into the reaction module of the instrument.
- Run the amplification program with fluorescence detection. Analyze results after the amplification program is completed.

9. DATA ANALYSIS

Analysis of results is performed by the software of the real-time PCR instrument used by measuring fluorescence signal accumulation in three channels:

- The signal of the HSV DNA amplification product is detected in the channel for the FAM fluorophore:
- The signal of the CMV DNA amplification product is detected in the channel for the JOE fluorophore
- The signal of the IC amplification product is detected in the channel for the ROX fluorophore

Results are interpreted by the crossing (or not-crossing) the fluorescence curve with the threshold line set at the specific level that corresponds to the presence (or absence) of a Ct value of the DNA sample in the corresponding column of the results grid.

- Principle of interpretation is the following:

 #SV DNA is detected if the Ct value is determined in the results grid in the channel for the FAM fluorophore. Moreover, the fluorescence curve of the sample should cross the threshold line in the area of typical exponential growth of fluorescence. **CMV** DNA is **detected** if the *Ct* value is determined in the results grid in the channel for
- The JOE fluorophore. Moreover, the fluorescence curve of the sample should cross the threshold line in the area of typical exponential growth of fluorescence.

 HSV and CMV DNA is not detected in a sample if Ct value is not determined in the results grid (the fluorescence curve does not cross the threshold line) in the channels for the FAM and JOE fluorophores and if the Ct value determined in the results grid in the channel for the ROX fluorophore does not exceed the specified boundary Ct value
- The analysis result is considered to be invalid if the Ct value is not determined (absent) or greater than the specified boundary Ct value in the channel for the ROX fluorophore and in the channels for the FAM and JOE fluorophores. In such cases the PCR analysis

Boundary Ct values are specified in the Important Product Information Bulletin enclosed to the PCR kit. See also Guidelines [2]

The result of the analysis is considered reliable only if the results obtained for both Positive and Negative Controls of amplification as well as for the Negative Control of extraction are correct (see Table 3).

Table 3

<body>
boundary value

Control		esults for controls Ct value in the channel for fluorophore		
Control	trol Stage for control	FAM, JOE	ROX	
C-	DNA extraction	Absent	<box> boundary value</box>	
NCA	PCR	Absent	Absent	

<box>

boundary value

10. TROUBLESHOOTING

PCR

C+

- Results of analysis are not taken into account in the following cases:

 1. If the Ct value determined for the Positive Control of Amplification (C+) in the channels
- If the Ct value determined for the Positive Control of Amplification (C+) in the channels for the FAM and/or JOE fluorophores is greater than the boundary Ct value or absent, the amplification should be repeated for all samples in which Ct value is absent in the channels for the FAM and/or JOE fluorophores respectively.

 If the Ct value is determined for the Negative Control of Amplification (NCA) and/or Negative Control of Extraction (C-) in the channels for the FAM or JOE fluorophores the PCR analysis should be repeated for all samples in which Ct value was determined in the channels for the FAM and/or JOE fluorophores respectively.

If you have any further questions or if encounter problems, please contact our Authorized representative in the European Community.

11. TRANSPORTATION

AmpliSens® HSV / CMV-MULTIPRIME-FRT PCR kit should be transported at 2-8 °C for no longer than 5 days.

12. STABILITY AND STORAGE

All components of the **AmpliSens® HSV / CMV-MULTIPRIME-FRT** PCR kit are to be stored at 2-8 °C when not in use (except for polymerase (TaqF) and PCR-mix-2-FRT). All components of the AmpliSens® HSV / CMV-MULTIPRIME-FRT PCR kit are stable until the labeled expiration date. The shelf life of reagents before and after the first use is the same,

Polymerase (TaqF) and PCR-mix-2-FRT are to be stored at the temperature from minus 24 to minus 16 $^{\circ}$ C when not in use. NOTE:

PCR-mix-1-FL HSV / CMV is to be stored away from light.

13. SPECIFICATIONS

13.1 Sansitivity

13.1. Sensitivity			
Clinical material	Nucleic acid extraction kit	Pathogen	Sensitivity, GE/ml ³
Urogenital swabs ⁴	DNA-sorb-AM	HSV	1x10 ³
Orogeniiai swabs	DNA-SOID-AW	CMV	1x10 ³
Urine ⁵	DNA-sorb-AM	HSV	N/A
Office		CMV	2x10 ³

The analytical sensitivity for each microorganism is preserved in the presence of high DNA concentrations of other analyte microorganism (up to10⁹ GE/ml).

REF 987-CE) or Transport Medium with Mucolytic Agent (REF 953-CE).

Pretreatment is required.

² For example, CFX 96 or equivalent

1 For example, Rotor-Gene Q or equivalent

³ Genome equivalents (GE) of the microorganism per 1 ml of a clinical sample placed in the transport medium specified.

Urogenital swabs are to be placed into the Transport Medium for Swabs (REF 956-CE,

13.2. Specificity

The analytical specificity of AmpliSens® HSV/CMV-MULTIPRIME-FRT PCR kit is ensured by the selection of specific primers and probes as well as stringent reaction conditions. The

by the selection of specific primers and probes as well as stillingent reaction containons. primers and probes were checked for possible homologies to all sequences published in gene banks by sequence comparison analysis.

The specificity was proved on the panel of DNA samples of the following microorganisms:

CMV: EBV; HHV types 6 and 7; HPV; Gardnerella vaginalis; Lactobacillus spp.; Escherichia coli; Staphylococcus aureus; Streptococcus pyogenes; Streptococcus agalactiae; Candida coli, staphylococus auteus, streptocus systemics, streptocus againctuse, cardiotal albicans; Mycoplasma hominis; Ureaplasma urealyticum; Ureaplasma parvum; Mycoplasma genitalium; Neisseria flava; Neisseria subflava; Neisseria sicca; Neisseria mucosa; Neisseria gonorrhoeae; Chlamydia trachomatis; Treponema pallidum; Trichomonas vaginalis; Toxoplasma gondii. Nonspecific responses were absent while testing this panel vagirians, to vapinasina gorium. Notispecific responses were absent white testing this parier as well as human DNA samples.

The clinical specificity of AmpliSens® HSV / CMV-MULTIPRIME-FRT PCR kit was

confirmed in laboratory clinical trials.

13.3. Diagnostic sensitivity The diagnostic sensitivity of the AmpliSens® HSV / CMV -MULTIPRIME-FRT PCR kit is

13.4. Diagnostic specificity

The diagnostic specificity of the ${\bf AmpliSens}^{\otimes}$ ${\it HSV}$ / ${\it CMV-MULTIPRIME-FRT}$ PCR kit is 99.3 %.

14. REFERENCES

- Handbook "Sampling, Transportation, and Storage of Clinical Material for PCR Diagnostics", developed by Federal Budget Institution of Science "Central Research Institute for Epidemiology" of Federal Service for Surveillance on Consumers' Rights Protection and Human Well-Being.
- 2. Guidelines "Real-Time PCR Detection of STIs and Other Reproductive Tract Infections", developed by Federal Budget Institution of Science "Central Research Institute for Epidemiology" of Federal Service for Surveillance on Consumers' Rights Protection and Human Well-Being, Moscow.

15. QUALITY CONTROL

In compliance with Federal Budget Institute of Science "Central Research Institute for Epidemiology" ISO 13485-Certified Quality Management System, each lot of the AmpliSens® HSV / CMV-MULTIPRIME-FRT PCR kit has been tested against predetermined specifications to ensure consistent product quality.

List of Changes Made in the Instruction Manual

VER	Location of changes	Essence of changes
23.06.11 LA	Cover page, text	The name of Institution was changed to Federal Budget Institution of Science "Central Research Institute for Epidemiology"
	1. Intended use	It is specified that clinical material is taken from the persons suspected of herpes virus infection without distinction of form and presence of manifestation
24.09.15	3. Content, Footer	REF R-V60(iQ)-CE was deleted
PM	Data analysis Troubleshooting	The section was rewritten
	13. Specifications	The list of microorganisms, on which the specificity was proved, was increased. Diagnostic sensitivity and specificity was added
	Through the text	Corrections in accordance with the template
16.12.15 ME	3. Content	Number of forms was corrected from 3 to 2
	Text	Corrections according to the template
23.10.17 ME	8.1. DNA extraction	Information about controls of extraction was added
ME	8.2.2. Amplification	The amplification program was changed from AmpliSens-1 to AmpliSens-1M
29.12.17 PM	3. Content	The color of the reagent was specified
05.12.18 PM	Principle of PCR detection	The table with targets and the information about the enzyme UDG were added
	Through the text	The text formatting was changed
27.02.20 PM	Footer	The phrase "Not for use in the Russian Federation" was added
26.10.20 MM	Footer, 3. Content	The information about variant FRT REF R-V60(RG)-CE was deleted
01.03.21 MM	_	The name, address and contact information for Authorized representative in the European Community was changed

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